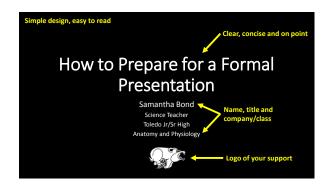
How to Prepare for a Formal Presentation

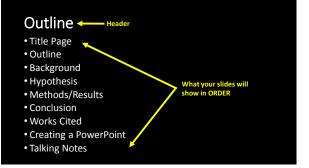
Samantha Bond Science Teacher Toledo Jr/Sr High Anatomy and Physiology



Outline

- Title Page
- Outline
- Background
- Hypothesis
- Methods/Results
- Conclusion
- Works Cited
- Creating a PowerPoint
- Talking Notes





Background

- What did you need to know or have before you started examining your movement?
- Split this into two groups:
 - How muscles work
 - Your movement

Hypothesis

- Clear, concise end your background section with what exactly you looked at.
- Keep it to 1-2 sentences

Methods/Results

- A video or "stills" of your movement This will help you describe the movement and differences between people
- At least 1 table with muscles and bones used per <u>stage</u>
 - Each stage needs a table
- Have a separate slide for each stage
 - Include what muscles/bones were used and how

Example: Stage 1

• Movement:

Scapula

Clavicle

 Subject raises her shoulders towards her ears

Deltoid Humerus

Trapezius



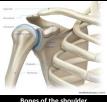
Still of video of the shoulder raise in Stage 1

Example: Stage 1

• Movement:

• Subject raises her shoulders towards her ears

Muscles Used
Deltoid
Trapezius



Bones of the shoulder

Example: Stage 1 • Movement: • Subject raises her shoulders towards her ears		Deltoids Auterior Medial
Bones Used	Muscles Used	Deltoids Medial Posterior
Humerus	Deltoid	1035103
Scapula	Trapezius	
Clavicle		
		Muscles used in Stage 1

Conclusion

- A conclusion slide with what you learned, any error you may have had, etc.
- Keep it short and sweet say more than you write down

Works Cited

- Works cited from the paper in MLA
- Acknowledgments of anyone who may have helped you

Talking Notes

- Professionalism You will dress and speak professionally: • AKA no slang, "ummmm," "like"
- Presenting takes practice
- Make sure key talking points are simple and clearly explained
- Speak clear and slow